Falcon Junior School – 2023-24 Curriculum Progression for Computing

	COMPUTING SYSTEMS & NETWORKS	CREATING MEDIA	DATA & INFORMATION	PROGRAMMING
National Curriculum Objectives Pupils should be taught to:	 understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content 	 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information 	 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information 	 design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
Intent/end points for KS2	To recognise how computer networks work, provide multiple services and recognise these can be used in the workplace.	To become digitally literate through using information technology to express themselves, communicate information and create content for a purpose.	To be able to use different systems to collect, analyse, evaluate and present data and information clearly.	To understand the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation.
YEAR 3	Connecting computers To explain how digital devices function To identify input and output devices To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work To explain how a computer network can be used to share information To explore how digital devices can be connected To recognise the physical components of a network To recognise how digital devices can used including as part of a network to share information. input output	Stop-frame animationTo explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographsTo relate animated movement with a sequence of imagesTo plan an animationTo identify the need to work consistently and carefullyTo review and improve an animation To evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation	Branching databases To create questions with yes/no answers To identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data To create a branching database To identify objects using a branching database To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database	Sequence in music To explore a new programming environment I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose To explain that a program has a start To recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order To change the appearance of my project To create a project from a task description
	physical components			
YEAR 4	The internet To describe how networks physically connect to other networks To recognise how networked devices make up the internet To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content To understand how the internet is made up of networks and can be used to access the World Wide Web World Wide Web computer network	Photo editing To explain that digital images can be changed To change the composition of an image To describe how images can be changed for different uses To make good choices when selecting different tools To recognise that not all images are real To evaluate how changes can improve an image	Data logging To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions To use a digital device to collect data automatically To explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over time To use data collected over a long duration to find information To identify the data needed to answer questions To use collected data to answer questions	Repetition in gamesTo develop the use of count-controlledloops in a different programmingenvironmentTo explain that in programming there areinfinite loops and count controlled loopsTo develop a design which includes two ormore loops which run at the same timeTo modify an infinite loop in a givenprogramTo design a project that includes repetitionTo create a project that includes repetition
YEAR 5	Sharing information To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives To recognise how information is transferred over the internet To explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together To contribute to a shared project online To evaluate different ways of working together online To recognise how connected computer systems can be used for collaborative working. Transferred Internet	Video editing To recognise video as moving pictures, which can include audio To identify digital devices that can record video To capture video using a digital device To recognise the features of an effective video To identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editing To consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video	Flat-file databases To use a form to record information To compare paper and computer-based databases To outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions To explain that tools can be used to select specific data To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions	Selection in physical computing To control a simple circuit connected to a computer To write a program that includes count- controlled loops To explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met, eg number of times To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met To design a physical project that includes selection To create a controllable system that includes selection
YEAR 6	Communication To identify how to use a search engine To describe how search engines select results To describe how search engines select results To explain how search results are ranked To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom To recognise how we communicate using technology To evaluate different methods of online communication To use search engines effectively and recognise how to interpret the results for a purpose. (Purpose: communicate information) Ranking	Web page creation To review an existing website and consider its structure To plan the features of a web page To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) To recognise the need to preview pages To outline the need for a navigation path To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people	Spreadsheets To identify questions which can be answered using data To explain that objects can be described using data To explain that formula can be used to produce calculated data To apply formulas to data, including duplicating To create a spreadsheet to plan an event To choose suitable ways to present data	Sensing To create a program to run on a controllable device To explain that selection can control the flow of a program To update a variable with a user input To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device